Foundations in Literature Grammar Test
Chapters 1–7

The following sentence is used for questions number 1–3

The maple grove in her backyard is stunning in the autumn.

1. What is the complete subject in the above sentence?
   a) The maple grove
   b) The maple grove in her backyard
   c) The grove
   d) grove

2. What is the subject (simple subject) of the above sentence?
   a) The maple grove
   b) The maple grove in her backyard
   c) The grove
   d) maple grove

3. What is the complete predicate of the above sentence?
   a) is stunning
   b) is stunning in the autumn
   c) is
   d) in the backyard is

4. True or False. When a sentence has more than one subject, it is said to have a *compound subject.*

5. True or False All proper nouns must be capitalized.

6. Which of the following identifies the verb *was being organized*?
   a) past progressive passive
   b) past regular active
   c) past perfect progressive active
   d) present perfect progressive passive

We were entering the house from the back.

5. What is the gerund in the above sentence?
   a) entering
   b) from the back
   c) were entering
   d) There is no gerund.

7. The ___ principal part is used by the present perfect tense, as in the sentence, *Oliver and his brother have thrown the ball over the roof.*
   a) the infinitive

b) the past
c) the past participle

8. The past participle form of the verb *write* is ___.
   a) write
   b) wrote
   c) written

9. The helping verb(s) used by the future perfect is (are) ___.
   a) will
   b) has and have
   c) will have
   d) had

   Tom and James have been late for the lesson.

10. What is the complete main verb of the above sentence?
    a) have
    b) been have late
    c) have been
    d) been

    The president of the company was one of my friends.

11. What two words is the linking verb connecting in the above sentence?
    a) president and one
    b) company and one
    c) president and friends
    d) company and friends

12. The noun that follows a linking verb and renames the subject is called ___.
    a) a predicate nominative
    b) an object of preposition
    c) a predicate

    Their relatives will come over for Thanksgiving next year.

13. Which of the following correctly changes the above sentence into the progressive form?
    a) Their relatives will be coming over for Thanksgiving next year.
    b) Their relatives will be over for Thanksgiving next year.
    c) Their relatives have been coming over for Thanksgiving next year.
    d) Their relatives will have been coming over for Thanksgiving next year.

    My oldest brother was praised by the entire company for his fine crème brûlée.

14. Change the above sentence so that it is active.

a) The entire company had been praising my oldest brother for his fine crème brûlée.
b) My oldest brother had been praised by the entire company for his fine crème brûlée.
c) My oldest brother praised the entire company for his fine crème brûlée.
d) The entire company praised my oldest brother for his fine crème brûlée.

The navy blue cloak had been worn by his father many years ago.

15. Change the above sentence so that it is active.
    a) The navy blue cloak has been worn by his father many years ago.
    b) Many years ago his father wore the navy blue cloak.
    c) His father had worn the navy blue cloak many years ago.
    d) Many years ago the navy blue cloak had been worn.

The cat chewed up the leather strap.

16. Change the above sentence so that it is passive.
    a) The leather strap chewed up by the cat.
    b) The leather strap will be chewed up by the cat.
    c) The leather strap was being chewed by the cat.
    d) The leather strap was chewed up by the cat.

Faith, not Sam, had served the lemonade.

17. Change the above sentence so that it is passive.
    a) Faith, not Sam, had been served by the lemonade.
    b) The lemonade had been served by Faith, not Sam.
    c) The lemonade has been served by Faith, not Sam.

Sam found out the reason too late.

18. Change the above sentence so that it is passive.
    a) The reason will be found out by Sam too late.
    b) The reason will find out Sam too late.
    c) The reason was found out by Sam too late.

19. Which of the following sentences uses the subjunctive mood correctly?
    (A) If I have seen John, I would have said hello.
    (B) If I saw John, I would have said hello.
    (C) If I had seen John, I would have said hello.

20. Which of the following sentences uses the subjunctive mood correctly?
    (A) I wish I wouldn't have said that to him yesterday!
    (B) I wish I hadn't said that to him yesterday!
    (C) I wish I didn't say that to him yesterday!