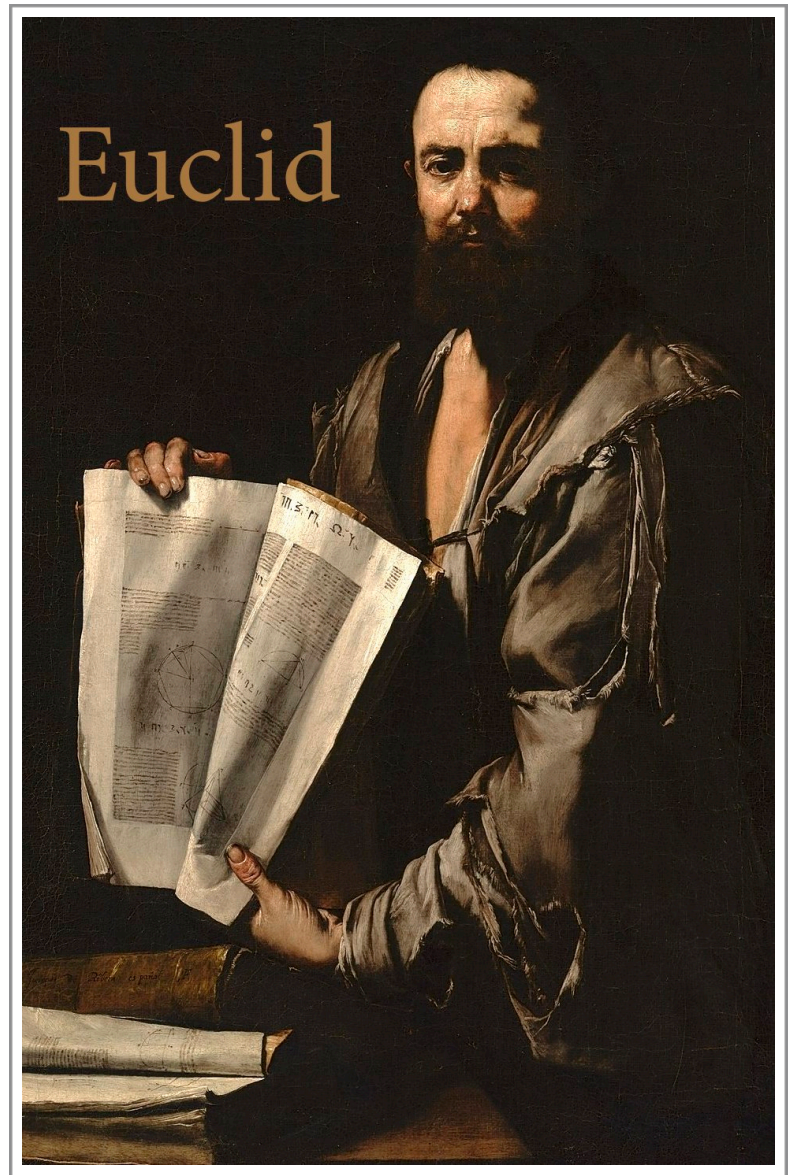


Classical Greek II

Assignment 3

- Quotation: ὅπερ ἔδει δεῖξαι (OEΔ)
"Quod erat
demonstrandum" (QED) "What
was required to be proved." Used by
early mathematicians including
Euclid, Aristotle, and Archimedes,
written at the end of a mathematical
proof or philosophical argument, to
signify the proof as complete. Later
it was latinized as "QED," which my
high school math teacher (in good
humor) said meant "quite easily
done."
- Vocabulary: Review sections 113,
123, 130, 143, 151, 159, 171 in
Davis.
- Miscellaneous review: attributive
and predicate adjectives; οὐ;
conjugation of the verb *to be* in the
present tense (Davis, Section 136)
and the imperfect (Davis, Section
148); the enclitic (Davis, Section
138); deponent words (Davis,
Section 151–152); subjunctive
mood and its declension (Davis,
Chapters 22 and 23).
- Translation: Machen, Section 149.



καὶ τὸ ὅλον μείζον τοῦ μέρους ἐστίν.—EUCLID.