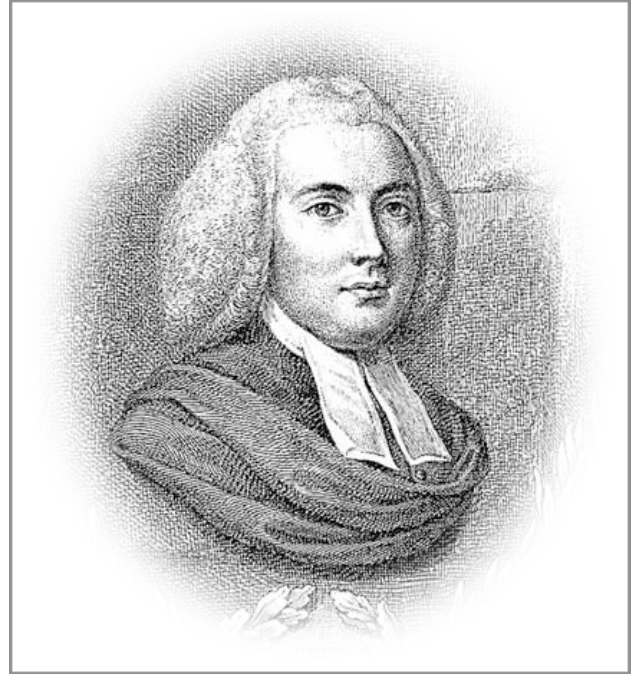


U. S. History Assignment 6

1. Read Abeka history, chapter 5 on the Conflict with England and study the people, places and terms at the end of the chapter.
2. Take the Unit 1 Test and submit it by next Wednesday. I will be posting it by this coming weekend.
3. Peruse the Stamp Act, posted on line.
4. Read Jonathan Mayhew's "When is Resistance a Duty" (under "Materials Needed") and answer the questions (below).
5. Read Patrick Henry's speech and answer the questions that follow.
6. The picture on this assignment sheet is of Jonathan Mayhew.

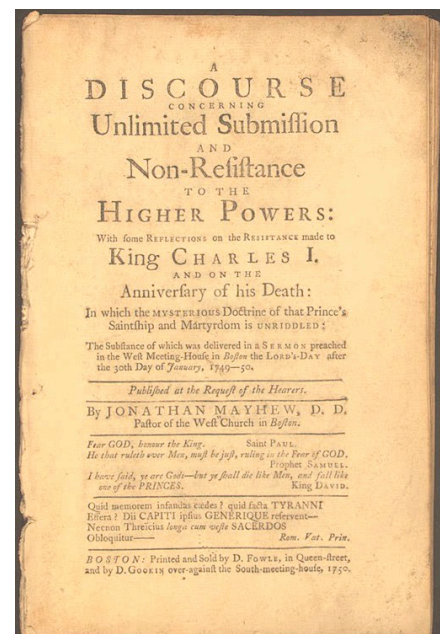


Jonathan Mayhew

When is Resistance a Duty?

Questions. Answer the following questions in complete sentences on a separate piece of loose-leaf paper.

1. Write down the reference of the Bible passage (book, chapter and verse) that Mayhew expounds in his sermon.
2. Which of the following best expresses the Bible passage that Mayhew expounds?
 - a) Because God has established government for the promotion of order and good, not evil, the Christian is enjoined to submit to its authority, as to God.
 - b) The Christian must submit to all who bear the title of authority for conscience sake.
 - c) Only those who are in supreme authority, such as the king, can expect allegiance.
 - d) There is no power but of God.
 - e) Those in authority are the ministers of God to punish evil doers.
3. Jonathan Mayhew begins his exposition of the Bible passage by
 - a) listing the duties enjoined by the passage.



- b) showing that the Bible is divinely inspired and that all Christians should obey it.
 - c) establishing the fact that political issues are religious and moral considerations.
 - d) arguing the divine right of kings.
 - e) showing the folly of absolute non-resistance.
4. In your own words, list and summarize the seven conclusions that Mayhew draws from the Bible passage.
5. In what way is the commandment of the Bible passage "Be subject to the higher powers" limited?
6. According to Mayhew, to whom is this Bible passage particularly addressed?
- a) those who believe in unlimited submission
 - b) those who believe in limited submission
 - c) those who believe they do not have to submit to governmental authority.
 - d) All of the above
 - e) None of the above
7. Mayhew argues that the phrase "higher powers" refers to
- a) those who bear the title of ruler or magistrate
 - b) those who actually and practically have authority
 - c) good rulers
 - d) Both a and b
 - e) Both b and c
8. According to Mayhew's interpretation of the Bible passage, what is the "design of government"? Explain how Mayhew uses this interpretation of the Biblical passage on the design of government to further his argument.
9. Examine the following phrases and explain how the vagueness and emotional charge of them add to the essay's persuasiveness. How convincing or effective would his argument be if he had been more specific, defining exactly what actions he means by *ruin of the public*, *destroy the public welfare*, *wicked design*, *hurt and injure the public*.
10. The conclusion of Mayhew's argument ____.
- a) warns against those who would resist without sufficient reason.
 - b) gives examples of actions of authority that would warrant resistance.
 - c) applauds the actions of men in the past who heroically resisted authority for a good reason.
 - d) crowns his argument by telling the consequences of not resisting tyranny.
 - e) None of the above.

